## LIFE SCIENCES

PAPER - TT

Sig	gnature of Invigilators	Roll No. [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [	
2.	JY-06/04	Roll No.	
Na	me of the Areas/Section (if any)	(in words)	
Ti	me Allowed :75 Minutes]	[Maximum Marks : 100	
Ins	structions for the Candidates		
1.	Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of thi	is page.	
2.	This paper consists of fifty (50) multiple choice type question	s. All questions are compulsory.	
3.	Each item has upto four alternative responses marked (A), (E capital letter for the selected option. The answer letter s corresponding square.		
	Correct method A Wrong method A OR	<b>A</b>	
4.	Your responses to the items for this paper are to be indicated only.	on the ICR Answer Sheet under Paper II	
5.	Read instructions given inside carefully.		
6.	Extra sheet is attached at the end of the booklet for rough wor	k.	
7.	You should return the test booklet to the invigilator at the end of paper and should not carry any paper with you outside the examination hall.		
પર	ીક્ષાર્થીઓ માટે સૂચનાઓ :		
٩.	આ પાનાની ટોચમાં દર્શાવેલી જગહમાં તમારો રોલ નંબર લખો.		
₹.	આ પ્રશ્નપત્રમાં કુલ <b>પચાસ (૫૦)</b> બ <mark>હુવ</mark> ૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવતા પશ્નો	આપેલા છે. <b>બધા જ</b> પ્રશ્નો ફરજિયાત છે.	
€.	પ્રત્યેક પ્રશ્ન વધુમાં વધુ ચાર બહુવૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવે છે. જે (A), (	B), (C) and (D). વંડે દર્શાવવામાં આવ્યા છે.	
	પ્રશ્નનો ઉત્તર કેપીટલ સંજ્ઞા વડે આપવાનો રહેશે. ઉત્તરની સંજ્ઞા અ	ાપેલ ખાનામાં બરાબર સમાઈ જાય તે રીતે	
	લખવાની રહેશે.		
	ખરી રીત : 🛕 , 🛕		
٧.	આ પ્રશ્નપત્રના જવાબ આપેલ ICR Answer Sheet ના Paper II વિ	ભાગની નીચે આપેલ ખાનાઓમાં આપવાના	
	રહેવું		

- ૫. અંદર આપેલ સૂચનાઓ કાળજીપૂર્વક વાંચો.
- આ બુકલેટની પાછળ આપેલું પાનું રફ કામ માટે છે.
- ૭. પરીક્ષા સમય પૂરો થઈ ગયા પછી આ બુકલેટ જે તે નિરીક્ષકને સોંપી દેવી. કોઈપણ કાગળ પરીક્ષા ખંડની બહાર લઈ જવો નહી.

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## Paper - II

NOTE: This paper contains FIFTY (50) multiple-choice / Assertion & Reasoning/ Matching questions, each questions carrying two (02) marks. Attempt ALL the questions.

1.	Gram negative bacterial flagellum is attached to cell by how many rings?			
	(A) 1	(B) 2		
	(C) 4	(D) 8		
2.	Structural polymer of the fungal cell wall is			
	(A) chitin	(B) peptidoglycan		
	(C) cellulose	(D) lipoprotein		
3.	Mechanisms of cell divisions in	n prokaryotes is referred to as		
	(A) mitosis	(B) meiosis		
	(C) primary fission	(D) budding		
4.	Which of the following meiotic phases involves genetic exchange between alleli pairs of chromosomes?			
	(A) pachytene	(B) diplotene		
	(C) zygotene	(D) meiosis II		
5.	Which of the following is most	hydrophobic?		
	(A) outer surface of the cell membrane			
	(B) matrix of the cell membrane			
	(C) inner surface of the cell membrane			
	(D) inner surface of the mitocl	hondrial membrane		
6.	A characteristic features of culture derived from cancerous cells is			
	(A) contact inhibition	(B) surface adhesion		
	(C) G1 arrest	(D) colony formation		

	(A) Alkaline phosphatase	(B) Acid phosphatase		
	(C) Alkaline protease	(D) Invertase		
8	Which of the following state vertebrates?	ement is true about adaptive immunity in		
	(A) They start making antibod	ies upon arrival of the antigen		
	(B) They fragment multivalent arrival of the antigen	antibodies into divalent antibodies upon		
	(C) cells displaying cognate an antigen binding	tibodies differentially proliferate in response to		
	(D) Helper T cells produce ant	ibodies specific to antigens		
9.	in pyrurate would be labelled i	e labelled with <sup>14</sup> C. which of the carbon atoms n glycolysis?		
	<ul><li>(A) carboxylate carbon</li><li>(B) carbonyl carbon</li></ul>			
	(C) methyl carbon			
	(D) both the carboxylate and n	nethyl carbon		
10.	β amylase cleaves			
	(A) α (1 - 4) glycosidic bond	(B) β (1 - 4) glycosidic bond		
	(C) $\alpha$ (1 - 6) glycosidic bond	(D) β (1 - 6) glycosidic bond		
11.	A non-reducing disaccharide with the similar sugar units is			
	(A) lactose	(B) trehalose		
	(C) sucrose	(D) isomaltose		
12.	The charge on aspartic acid at pH 12.0 is			
	(A) $-1$	(B) - 2		
	(C) $+ 1$	(D) 0		
13.	RNA is more alkalilabile because of			
	(A) single stranded nature of I	RNA		
	(B) uridine residues in RNA			
	(C) 2' hydroxyl group in RNA			
	(D) extensive stem loop structu	ure assumed by RNA		

7. Following is the marker enzyeme of lysosomes

1 50	-i P-II		5		[P.T.O.]
	(C) photoautot	TODII	(D) phot	oneseronohii	
	(A) chemoauto	<del></del>	• •	noheterotroph oheterotroph	
	-			nahataratranh	
20.	Nitrobacter bacteria use carbon dioxide as carbon source and nitrite ion as energy source. This organism is				
	(3) = 03222020 000		(-,		
	(C) retinoic act		(D) insu		
_••			(B) thyre		
19.	Which of the following does not require a transport protein?				
	(C) phosphatid	lyl glycerol	(D) sphir	ngomyelin	
	(A) cholesterol		• •	yl glycerol	
18. Which of the following is not a membrane lipid?			?		
	(C) RNA polyn	nerase III	(D) none	of the above	
	(A) RNA polyn		, ,	polymerase II	
17.	Prokaryotic m-			77	
	(D) all of the a	bove.			
	(C) the strand	directed misma	itch repair mecha	nisms of the cel	1
			ading abilities of	the DNA polym	erase
10.	Error during DNA replication are minimized by  (A) the absolute specificity of base pairing				
16	Error during D	NA replication	are minimized by		
	(D) was transc	ribed into heavy	y DNA		
	•	eted to a mediur		en e	
	(B) remained as heavy DNA stand while new light DNA stand appeared				
	appeared				
•			ight DNA stand v	vhile new light	DNA strand
		pened the heavy	DNA stand		
	of a light isotope		allowed to replica	ate their DNA ii	n the presence
15.			eriment cells with		
	(C) UGA		(D) AUG	and the second s	
14.	(A) UAG	nowing is not a	(B) UAA		The second second second
14	Which of the fol	llowing is not a	translation stop	codon ?	

21.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ning at least		
	(A) 1.5% sodium chloride			
	(B) 15% sodium chloride			
	(C) 2.5% sodium chloride			
	(D) 25% sodium chloride			
22.	Which of the following substrates is a	utilized by leptospirillum?		
	(A) sulphur	(B) ferrous iron		
	(C) thiosulphate	(D) ferric iron		
23.	Pernicious anaemia occurs in absence	of		
	(A) Vitamin C	(B) Vitamin K		
	(C) Vitamin B <sub>6</sub>	(D) Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>		
24.	During the process of photosynthesis	light energy is captured directly by		
	(A) protons from NADPH			
	(B) electron from chlorophyll			
	(C) phosphate from ATP			
	(D) carbons from carbon dioxide mole	ecules		
25.	Double fertilization results in	and the second of the second o		
	(A) a pollen tube development	(B) triploid embryos		
	(C) a zygote and an endosperm	(D) a zygote and a pollen tube		
26.	. Which one of the following is not a se	econd messenger ?		
	(A) cAMP	(B) Ca <sup>++</sup> ion		
	(C) AMP	(D) inositol triphosphate		
27.	. Luria-Delbruck fluctuation test suggests that			
	(A) Frequency of mutations can be assessed			
	(B) selective pressure enhance mutation frequency			
	(C) mutation occur only from non-sel			
		nts occurring randomly in population of	of	

28.	Which of the following sequence elements is an essential constituents of natura		
	DNA replicon?		
	(A) Origin of replication		
	(B) Drug resistance gene		
	(C) Phage resistance gene		
	(D) unique restriction enzyme cleavage site		
29.	Assuming that the level of glucose is low, a mutation in the lac repressor (lac i) in <i>E. coli</i> , preventing binding of the repressor to the operator, should result in		
•	(A) constitutive expression of the lac operon genes		
	(B) lack of expression or reduced expression of the <i>lac</i> operon genes under all circumstance		
	(C) expression of the genes only when lactose is present		
	(D) expression of the genes only when lactose is absent		
	en de la companya de		
30.	. A bacterial protein coding gene contains a termination codon in the middle of the coding region, yet the expression of gene in the bacterium produces, a functional protein. The translation of the mRNA probably involved		
	(A) splicing of an intron (B) a suppresser tRNA		
	(C) unfolding of mRNA (D) ribosome stalling		
31.	Which of the formula is used to calculate map distances between genes in centimorgans in a diploid organism?  (A) (recombinant type offspring/parent type offspring) x 100		
	(B) (parental type offspring / total offspring) x 100		
	(C) (recombinant type offspring / total offspring) x 100		
	(D) all of the above.		
32.	A pregnant woman, who has undergone an amniocentesis test, finds an extra barr body in her embryo. The syndrome which is likely to be associated with embryo is		
	(A) Edward's syndrome (B) Patau's syndrome		
	(C) Klinefelter's syndrome (D) Down's syndrome		

33.	The genome of E. coli is approxima	tely		
	(A) 4.6 Mb linear DNA	(B) 4.6 Mb circular DNA		
	(C) 3 Gb linear DNA	(D) 400 kb circular DNA		
		The State State of the Control of the Control		
34.	Which of the following genetic disord	lers is known to result from translocation?		
	(A) Haemophilea			
	(B) B cell lymphoma			
	(C) Cystic fibrosis			
	(D) chronic myeloid leukemia			
3 <b>5</b> .	Which one of the following nucleotic light?	le sequences is most likely affected by UV-		
	(A) AGTTTC	(B) GAAACC		
	(C) TATATA	(D) GATCAA		
36.	Miller who created primordial mole	cules in laboratory flask was a student of		
	(A) T.H Morgan	(B) Jacques Monod		
	(C) E. Sutherland	(D) Harlold Urey		
37.	The extant bacterial group that is which mitochondria evolved is	most closely related to the ancestor from		
	(A) Archebacteria	(B) Cyanobacteria		
	(C) Purple photosynthetic bacteria	(D) Methanogens		
38.	The most probable substrate for the most primitive organisms is			
	(A) Ferrous sulphide	(B) Carbohydrates		
	(C) Ammonia	(D) Lipids		
3 <b>9</b> .	RNA is considered to have preceded DNA in a cellular evolution since			
	(A) It is single stranded			
	(B) It can carry informations and c	an also catalyse certain reactions		
	(C) It is more easily degraded than	DNA		
	(D) DNA dependent RNA polyme systems	rases are commonly found in biological		

40.	Which of the following statement is true about nucleic acid biosynthesis?			
	(A) DNA replication invariably depends upon RNA			
	(B) DNA replication is independent of RNA			
	(C) RNA synthesis cannot take place without DNA template			
	(D) RNA synthesis is never dependent on DNA template			
41.	To which trophic level do photo planktons belong?			
	(A) Consumers (B) Herbivores			
	(C) Primary Producer (D) Decomposers			
	The state of the s			
42.	The most important ingredient in green house effect allegedly responsible for global warming is			
*	(A) carbon dioxide (B) ozone			
	(C) oxygen (D) ammonia			
43.	Which of the following represents a biodegradable polymer?			
	(A) Poly B-hydroxybutyrate			
	(B) Poly vinyl chloride			
	(C) Polyethylene			
	(D) Polypropylene			
44.	The concentration of recalcitrant pesticide is applied in crops passing through successive trophic levels will			
	(A) increase in all the entire series			
	(B) increase till herbivores			
	<ul><li>(C) not vary</li><li>(D) increase continuously through the food chain till top carnivores.</li></ul>			
	(D) increase continuously through the food than the top carmvores.			
<b>4</b> 5.	Energy in a ecosystem flows from			
	(A) producers to decomposers to composers			
	(B) decomposers to consumers to primary producers			
	(C) producers to consumers to decomposers			
	(D) consumers to producers to decomposers			

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46.	The best method to study bacterial me	olecular biodiversity is by	
	(A) cultivation of these on solid media	a	
	(B) studying them under microscope		
	(C) Pure culture studies		
	(D) none of the these.		
47.	Floral formula is a method of		
	(A) stylized representation of the flow	ver structure	
	(B) knowing family		
	(C) identifying species		
	(D) recording floral structure by sym	bols, letters and numbers	
48.	Universal phylogenetic tree is determ	ined by	
	(A) ribosomal RNA requencing		
	(B) substrate utilization profile		
	(C) DNA-DNA hybridization		
	(D) phospholipid analysis		
49. Which of the following is not an example of raccemose infloresce		aple of raccemose inflorescence?	
	(A) capitulum	(B) panicle	•
	(C) spadix	(D) cyathium	
50.	Which of the following substances is crystal formation during low temperatures are substances in the control of the following substances in the control of the following substances is crystal formation during low temperatures.		prevent
	(A) glycerol	(B) glucose	
	(C) sodium chloride	(D) calcium chloride	

## ROUGH WORK

## ROUGH WORK