Test Booklet Code & Serial No. प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व कमांक

प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व क्रमांक Paper-III LIFE SCIENCE

Sig	nature and Name of Invigilator	Seat No.
	Signature)	(In figures as in Admit Card)
(1	Name)	Seat No.
	Signature)	(In words)
	Name)	OMR Sheet No.
		(To be filled by the Candidate)
	PR - 34317	
_	ne Allowed : 2½ Hours]	[Maximum Marks : 150
Nu	mber of Pages in this Booklet : 20	Number of Questions in this Booklet: 75
1. 2. 3. 4.	Instructions for the Candidates Write your Sest No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page. This pager consists of 75 objective type questions. Each question will earry mo marks All questions of Paper-III will be compalsory, covering entire syllabis (including all electives, without options). At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows: (ii) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet. (iii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/ questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted. (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the currect response against each item. Example: where (C) is the currect response.	विद्याच्यांसारी महत्त्वाच्या सूचना परिश्वावीनी आपला आधन क्रमांक वा पृष्टावरील बर्ज्य कोप-यात लिहाज. तसेच आन्मांस दिलेल्या उत्तरपांककेचा क्रमांक लाखाली लिहाज. सदर प्रश्नपांककेत 75 बहुपपांची प्रश्न आहेत. प्रत्येक प्रश्नास दोन गुण आहेत. या प्रश्नपांककेतील सर्व प्रश्न सीडांवणे आन्वाव अवो. सदरचे प्रश्न हे चा विषयाच्या संपूर्ण अभ्यासक्रमावर अवारित आहेत. परीक्ष सुरू झाल्यावर विद्याच्यांला प्रश्नपांकका दिली जहीत. सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनीटांमध्ये आपण सदर प्रश्नपांकका उपद्वन खालील बाबी अवश्य तमास्य पहाच्यात. (3) प्रश्नपांकका उपद्वण्यासाठी प्रश्नपांकका स्वावलेली सील उपदांचे. सील नसलेली किंवा सील उपहांचे. सील नसलेली किंवा सील उपहांचे. प्रश्नपांकिकोची एक्ज्य प्रश्नाची संख्या पडताळून पहांची. पार्टी पर्याची प्रश्नपांकिकोची प्रश्नपांकिकोची प्रश्नपांकिकोची प्रश्नपांकिकोची पर्याची प्रश्नपांकिकोची सहेवा प्रश्नपांकिकोची सुक्राचा कम्प असलेली किंवा इतर जूटी असलेली प्रश्नपांकिकोचा सुक्राचा कम्प असलेली किंवा इतर जूटी असलेली पराचे प्रश्नपांकिकोचा सुक्राचा कम्प असलेली किंवा इतर जूटी असलेली पराचे प्रश्नपांकिकोचा सुक्राचा कम्प प्रशासी क्राच्या विद्याच्यांनी नोंद च्याची. (33) वरीलप्रमाणी सर्व पडताळ्चन पाँहल्यानंतरच प्रश्नपांकिकेवर औ.एम.आर. उत्तरपांकचा नवर लिखाजा. 4. प्रत्येक प्रशासाठी (A), (B), (C) असीन (D) असी चार विकल्य उत्तरे दिली आहेत. त्वातील योग्य उत्तरचा रकाना खाली दशींकलपाप्रमाणे ठळकपणे काळ्यांना क्राच्या कमाल.
6.	Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Shoet given inside the Bootdet only. If you mark at any place	ब्रह्म. : जर (C) है बीरप उत्तर असेल तर (A) (B) (D)
6. 7. 8.	other than in the circle in the OMR Shoot, it will not be evaluated. Read instructions given inside carefully. Rough Work is to be done at the end of him booklet. If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Shoet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification. You have to return original OMR Shoet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not easily it with	 व्य प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे औ. एम. आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेतच दर्शवाबीत. इतर किलाणी लिखेतली उतरे तमसली नागर नहीत. आत दिलेल्या सूचना काळजीपूर्वक वाचाव्यत. प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या शेवडी जीडलेल्या कोऱ्या मानावरच कच्चे काम करावे. जर आपण ओ. एम. आर. वर नमूद केलेल्या विकाणा व्यक्तित इतर कोठेश नाव, आसन क्रमांक, प्रेन नंबर किला जिव्हा पटेल अशी कोमतीही सूप केलेली आढळून आल्याम अथवा अश्रभ्य भागचा व्यपर किंवा इतर पैरमार्गाचा अवलंब केल्याम विद्यार्थ्यां परिवेश अभाव तर्राविका पर्यवेशकांक डे. परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्यार्थ्यां मुळ ओ. एम. आर. उत्तरपत्रिका पर्यवेशकांक डे.
10. 11.	you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited.	परत करणे आवश्यक आहे. तथायी, प्रश्नपत्रिका व औ.ए.स.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेची द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याक्योवर नेण्यास विद्याध्यांना परवानगी आहे. 10. फक्त निक्का किंवा काळ्या बॉल पेनचाच वापर करावा, 11. कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा लॉग टेक्स वापरण्यास परवानगी गाड़ी, 12. चक्रीच्या उत्तरासाडी गणा कपान केली जाणार नाडी

Life Science Paper III

Time Allowed: 2½ Hours] [Maximum Marks: 150

Note: This paper contains Seventy Five (75) multiple choice questions. Each question carries Two (2) marks. Attempt All questions.

- Tautonyms are not accepted in :
 - (A) Botanical nomenclature
 - (B) Zoological nomenclature
 - (C) Virus nomenclature
 - (D) Bacteriological nomenclature
- Linnaeus gave a system of nomenclature called as :
 - (A) Binomial
 - (B) Bimodal
 - (C) Biphasic
 - (D) Binary
- The disappearance of tradition division of flowering plants into monocots and dicots is the major outcome of system of classification.
 - (A) Bentham and Hooker's
 - (B) APG
 - (C) Engler and Prantl's
 - (D) Armen Takhtajan's

- Trypsin was used to digest a protein, before its amino acid sequencing.
 The cleavage occurs at :
 - (A) Carboxyl side of lysine and arginine residues
 - (B) Carboxyl side of methionine residues
 - (C) Carboxyl side of aspartate and glutamate residues
 - (D) Carboxyl side of Phenylalanine Isoleucine and Valine residues
- The structure which produces male gametes in prothallus are :
 - (A) Gametophytes
 - (B) Sporophytes
 - (C) Antheridia
 - (D) Archegonia

6.	Presence of elators in the sporangium is a characteristic	9.	Regeneration of plants avoiding fertilization is known as:
	feature of		(A) Apogamy
	(A) Equisetum		(B) Apospory
	(B) Ceratopteris		(C) Diplospory
	(C) Marsilea		(D) Syngamy
	(D) Actinopteris	10.	A pentacarpellary, pentalocular
7.	In mature coconuts the liquid endosperm becomes milky and		ovary has 2 ovules per locule. It develops into parthenocarpic fruit. The number of seeds in the fruit will be: (A) 20 (B) 10 (C) 40
	(D) it contains free nuclei or cells.		(D) 00
8.	In family <i>Rutaceae</i> , fruits are mainly:	11.	Common bread wheat Triticum aestivum is:
	(A) Schizocarp		(A) Diploid
	(B) Capsule		(B) Tetraploid
	(C) Hesperidium		(C) Hexaploid
	(D) Siliqua		(D) Octoploid

- 12. In plants stomatal closure is induced by :
 - (A) High K+ concentration
 - (B) Low CO2 concentration
 - (C) Low pH
 - (D) ABA
- - (A) oxaloacetic acid, tyrosine and allantoin.
 - (B) allantoic acid, allantoin and citrulline.
 - (C) Citrulline, pyruvic acid and glutamate
 - (D) allantoic acid, methionine and oxaloacetic acid

- 14. In which of the following photosynthetic pigments, the central magnesium has been replaced by two hydrogens?
 - (A) phycocyanin
 - (B) chlorophyll-b
 - (C) phaeophytin
 - (D) chlorophyll-a
- 15. Stomata remains open for CO₂
 absorption in CAM plants during :
 - (A) Night time
 - (B) Early morning
 - (C) Day time
 - (D) Noon

- 16. A flash of light during the dark period induces flowering in a long-day plant and the effect is reversed by a flash of light.
 - (A) red, far-red
 - (B) far-red, red
 - (C) blue, red
 - (D) red, blue
- 17. Which of the following is electromagnetic radiations that are used in mutation breeding?
 - (A) γ-rays
 - (B) α -rays
 - (C) β-rays
 - (D) UV-rays

- 18. Typically the insect leg consists of six segments :
 - (i) coxa,
 - (ii) femur,
 - (iii) pretarsus,
 - (iv) tarsus,
 - (v) tibia, and
 - (vi) trochanter.

Their correct proximal to distal sequence is :

- (A) $(ii)\rightarrow(vi)\rightarrow(i)\rightarrow(v)\rightarrow(iii)\rightarrow(iv)$
- (B) $(ii)\rightarrow(i)\rightarrow(vi)\rightarrow(iii)\rightarrow(iv)\rightarrow(v)$
- (C) $(i)\rightarrow(vi)\rightarrow(ii)\rightarrow(v)\rightarrow(iv)\rightarrow(iii)$
- (D) $(i) \rightarrow (ii) \rightarrow (iii) \rightarrow (iv) \rightarrow (v) \rightarrow (vi)$

- The coelom of animals belonging to the phyla develops by the process of schizocoele.
 - (A) Porifera, coelenterata, Platyhelminthes
 - (B) Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca
 - (C) Pogonophora, Nematoda, Chaetognatha
 - (D) Echinodermata, Chordata
- 20. Urochordates show resemblance to invertebrates like Molluscs except in :
 - (A) Presence of cartilage
 - (B) Presence of pericardium and pancreatic tissue
 - (C) Presence of radula
 - (D) Ammonia as excretory product
- 21. Which of the following fishes is not a dipnoan?
 - (A) Neoceratodus
 - (B) Notopterus
 - (C) Lepidosiren
 - (D) Protopterus

- is the outermost connective cover of a skeletal muscle.
 - (A) Myomysium
 - (B) Endomysium
 - (C) Perimysium
 - (D) Epimysium
- 23. The arteries are thicker-walled as compared to that of the veins. This helps in :
 - (A) increased force of contraction of the veins as compared to by the arteries.
 - (B) the arteries can exert more force of contraction than that of the veins.
 - (C) O₂ diffusion can take place better in the arteries than in the veins.
 - (D) CO₂ diffusion can take place better in the veins than in the arteries.

- 24. In birds and reptiles the primordial germ cells originate in the :
 - (A) Epiblast
 - (B) Hypoblast
 - (C) Germinal crescent
 - (D) Embryonic allantois
- 25. Which of the following are responsible for prevention of polyspermy?
 - (A) Change in the mambrane potential of egg plasma membrane
 - (B) Cortical granule exocytosis/ cortical reaction
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Molecular changes in the zona pellucida proteins

- 26. Damage of one of the following structure(s) resulted in loss of a Circadian rhythm. The structure is most likely to be:
 - (A) Liver
 - (B) Eyes
 - (C) Pituitary
 - (D) Suprachiasmatic nucleus.
- 27. When birds such as great tit are removed from their territory :
 - (A) they tend to be replaced by the same number of birds.
 - (B) the territories are left vacant
 - (C) they are replaced by the local birds to the exclusion of new members
 - (D) They are replaced by a greater number of birds

- 28. To overcome intracellular

 Leishmania infection host should

 preferably mount a:
 - (A) TH 1 response
 - (B) TH 2 response
 - (C) Mucosal immune response
 - (D) T cell-independent response
- 29. Which one of the following insects is used for the biological control of the weed Lantana camara?
 - (A) Shoot fly
 - (B) Aphid
 - (C) Lantana bug
 - (D) Lantana weevil

- 30. In order to cover one hectare of an agricultural land, which type of sprayers among the following will require the lowest volume of spray solution?
 - (A) hand sprayer
 - (B) foot sprayer
 - (C) knaspack sprayer
 - (D) power sprayer
- 31. The genome of which of the following virus obeys Chargaff's rule?
 - (A) TMV
 - (B) Mu phage
 - (C) ox 174
 - (D) Adenovirus
- 32. The DNA protein ratio in chromatin in general is :
 - (A) 3:1
 - (B) 2:1
 - (C) 1:2
 - (D) 4:1

- 33. Binding of epinephrine to a Gprotein-linked receptor causes adenyl cyclase to produce large amounts of:
 - (A) Inositol triphosphate
 - (B) cAMP
 - (C) cGMP
 - (D) G Protein
- 34. The limiting factor for productivity in an aquatic ecosystem is :
 - (A) Temperature
 - (B) Wind
 - (C) Light
 - (D) Water mass movement
- 35. Which one of the following groups of fishes is considered to be 'living fossil'?
 - (A) Holocephali
 - (B) Coelocanths
 - (C) Elasmobranchs
 - (D) Dipnoi

- 36. Which animal of the following list is also called as white socks?
 - (A) Rhinoceros
 - (B) Slender Loris
 - (C) Indian Gaur
 - (D) Pangolin
- 37. In the lakes the top consumer must be :
 - (A) fishes that eat phytoplankton
 - (B) fishes that consume detritus
 - (C) fishes that are piscivores
 - (D) fishes that eat zooplankton
- 38. The neuromasts present in the lateral line organ of fish serve as:
 - (A) chemoreceptor
 - (B) rheoreceptor
 - (C) gustoreceptor
 - (D) alfactoreceptor

- 39. During conjugation, if the F factor is attached to the bacterial genome, the donor is called as:
 - (A) F+
 - (B) F++
 - (C) Hfr
 - (D) F+ super strain
- 40. Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) is not associated with :
 - (A) Infectious Mononucleosis
 - (B) Kaposis Sarcoma
 - (C) Burkitt's Lymphoma
 - (D) Nasopharyngeal carcinoma
- 41. Which of the following is used to remove excess metal ions from molasses for citric acid production by A. niger?
 - (A) Potassium ferrocyanate
 - (B) Potassium permanganate
 - (C) Potassium hydroxide
 - (D) Calcium carbonate

- 42. Staphylococcus aureus is one of the important food-borne pathogen responsible for food-poisoning in India. Which of the following statements is most appropriate regarding this pathogen?
 - (A) S. aureus is Gram negative
 - (B) Incubation time for staphylococcal food poisoning is very short because the organisms grow in food and produce heatstalle enterotoxin in food
 - (C) Incubation time for staphylococcal food poisoning is 3 to 4 days
 - (D) S. aureus causes food poisoning because it produces endotoxin

- 43. A living microbe with reduced virulence that is used for vaccination is considered:
 - (A) Dormant
 - (B) Virulent
 - (C) Attenuated
 - (D) Denatured
- 44. The percentage of human peripheral blood T cells bearing a gamma delta T cell receptor is :
 - (A) 30-80%
 - (B) 1-5%
 - (C) 100%
 - (D) 0%

45. The follwing are some of the characteristic features of enzyme inhibitors. Which of the following are true with respect to competitive inhibitors?

Select the correct answer from the options given below it :

- (i) Competitive inhibition can be overcome by a sufficiently high concentration of substrate.
- (ii) A competitive inhibitor diminishes the rate of catalysis by reducing the proportion of enzyme molecules bound to a substrate.
- (iii) The competitive inhibitor binds only to the enzyme substrate complex
- (iv) Competitive inhibitor can be used as drugs.
- (A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (B) (i), (ii), (iii)
- (C) (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (D) (i), (ii), (iv)

- 46. Among the following three forms of DNA, which one has deeper major groove?
 - (A) A-Form
 - (B) B-Form
 - (C) Z-Form
 - (D) Both A and Z forms
- 47. Thylakoid membranes of chloroplasts are rich in :
 - (A) gangliosides and cerebrosides
 - (B) sphingolipids and galactolipids
 - (C) sulfolipids and sphingolipids
 - (D) galactolipids and sulfolipids

- 48. In plants and some microorganisms,
 a metabolic pathway is operated
 that allows the conversion of acetyl
 CoA generated from fat stores into
 glucose. Which of the following is
 that pathway?
 - (A) Citric acid cycle
 - (B) β oxidation
 - (C) Glyoxylate cycle
 - (D) Urea cycle
- 49. Maple syrup disease is caused due to defect in :
 - (A) the degradation of Tyrosine
 - (B) urea synthesis
 - (C) formation of Tyrosine
 - (D) the degradation of branched chain amino acids

- 50. The amount of energy that must be added to break a bond is exactly equal to the amount that is released upon formation of the bond. Which law of thermodynamics among the following is applicable to this situation?
 - (A) First
 - (B) Second
 - (C) Third
 - (D) Fourth
- 51. Dam methylase show strand discrimination by :
 - (A) Methylation of Cytosine
 - (B) Methylation of Thymine
 - (C) Methylation of Guanine
 - (D) Methylation of Adenine

- 52. tRNA having an anticodon AAA will interact with one of the following amino acids during protein synthesis.
 - (A) phenylalanine
 - (B) Lysine
 - (C) Glycine
 - (D) Methionine
- 53. Rapid amplification of cDNA ends (RACE) is used :
 - (A) to obtain full length sequence
 of a transcript
 - (B) to detect a gene
 - (C) to detect protein DNA interaction
 - (D) to measure protein RNA interaction

- 54. DNA methylation at CpG island can be detected by :
 - (A) Regular sequencing
 - (B) Bisulphite sequencing
 - (C) Deep sequencing
 - (D) Single nucleotide polymorphism study
- 55. cDNA is used to express mammalian proteins in bacteria rather than genomic DNA. Which one of the following is the best explanation?
 - (A) It is easier to done cDNA than genomic DNA of comparable size.
 - (B) It is easier to clone RNA than DNA.
 - (C) It is not possible to clone entire coding region of the gene.
 - (D) Most eukaryotic genes have introns that cannot be removed in bacteria.

- The main principle behind Sanger's method of DNA sequencing.
 - (A) use of reverse transcriptase enzyme.
 - (B) use of thymidine dimers
 - (C) use of di-deoxy nucleotide analogues.
 - (D) use of ATP
- 57. Hallmark of Apoptosis is:
 - (A) DNA synthesis
 - (B) Nuclear fragmentation
 - (C) Nuclear division
 - (D) Fat deposition
- 58. Which of the following types of protein could be coded by a tumoursuppressor gene ?
 - (A) A protein that forms part of a growth factor signaling pathway
 - (B) A protein that codes for a DNA repair enzyme
 - (C) A protein that helps prevent apoptosis
 - (D) A protein that controls progression through the cell cycle.

- 59. A virus that kills its host is said to be :
 - (A) Lysogenic
 - (B) Temperate
 - (C) Lytic
 - (D) Lytic or Lysogenic but not temperate
- 60. The green fluorescent protein reporter construct transfection can be used to monitor :
 - (A) Cell size
 - (B) Intracellular gene expression
 - (C) DNA content
 - (D) Cell granularity
- 61. Somatic embryos obtained from cotyledonary explant of a diploid plant will be :
 - (A) Diploid
 - (B) Haploid
 - (C) Triploid
 - (D) Tetraploid

- 62. During the growth of animal cells in culture it is noticed that the cells do not look very healthy. After an investigation it was found that there is a lot of lactic acid in the culture medium. What is possibly wrong with this culture?
 - (A) The cells have too much oxygen
 - (B) Ethyl alcohol is being produced in excess
 - (C) Glycolysis is being investigated
 - (D) The cells do not have enough oxygen
- 63. Cystic fibrosis is caused by a mutation in the gene for a transporter protein, cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR). CFTR is an ion channel in the plasma membrane of epithelial cells. Which of the following channels does CFTR belong to?
 - (A) Sodium channel
 - (B) Potassium channel
 - (C) Chloride channel
 - (D) Acetylcholine receptor channel

- 64. The main difference between active transport and facilitated diffusion is:
 - (A) in active transport the molecules move from areas of low concentration to areas of high concentration without spending energy.
 - (B) in diffusion the molecules move from areas of low concentration to areas of high concentration without spending energy.
 - (C) in active transport energy is consumed to move molecules againt a concentration gradient.
 - (D) although a carrier molecule may not be needed in active transport, diffusion cannot take place without a carrier molecule.

- 65. In fluorescence microscopy, the function of exciter filter is to remove all colours, but it allows only to pass through.
 - (A) Green colour
 - (B) White colour
 - (C) Yellow colour
 - (D) Blue colour
- 66. What is the purpose of the fluidics system of a flow cytometer ?
 - (A) To serve as a buffer for cell maintenance.
 - (B) To dilute the concentration for the sample.
 - (C) To deliver sample appropriately to the interrogation point for the measurement.
 - (D) To provide a cushion to prevent cell death following excitation.

- 67. High performance liquid chromatography achieves better purification because of :
 - (A) High retention time
 - (B) High volumetric phase ratio
 - (C) Increased number of partition
 - (D) High pressure
- 68. Free radical content in a sample can be detected using spectroscopic technique :
 - (A) ESR
 - (B) NMR
 - (C) Fluorescence
 - (D) UV-visible absorption

- 69. One nanometer is equal to:
 - (A) 0.1 µm
 - (B) 0.01 µm
 - (C) 0.001 µm
 - (D) 0.0001 µm
- 70. For-UV CD spectra of proteins give infromation on :
 - (A) Primary structure
 - (B) Secondary structure
 - (C) Tertiary structure
 - (D) Quarternary structure
- 71. Half life of radioactive I¹³¹ is 8 days. If you have 200 micromoles of this isotope at one instant, how many micromoles will remain at the end of thirty two days?
 - (A) 12.5
 - (B) 25
 - (C) 50
 - (D) 100

72.	In general, which among the	74.	Most commonly used radioisotopes
	following groups is most resistant to		in biology emit :
	ionizing radiations ?		(A) α-rays
	(A) Thermotolerant bacteria		(B) β-rays
	(B) Spore-forming bacteria		(C) γ-rays
	(C) Viruses		(D) Positrons
	(D) Fungi	75.	In binomial distribution of a sample
			where $n > 10$ and p is ≈ 0.5 , the
73.	Cell proliferation is generally		standard deviation is determined
	measured by :		by:
	(A) Thymidine uptake assay		(A) square root of p
	(B) Chemotaxis assay		(B) square root of pq
	(C) ELISA		(C) square root of npq

(D) Chromium release assay

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(D) square root of np

ROUGH WORK